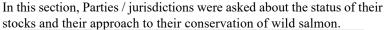
CNL(19)36_Denmark (in respect of the Faroe Islands and Greenland) Greenland

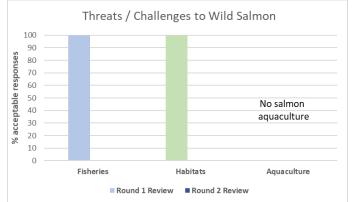
Evaluation of the Revised Implementation Plan under the Third Reporting Cycle (2019 – 2024) from the Review Group to Denmark (in respect of the Faroe Islands and Greenland) Greenland

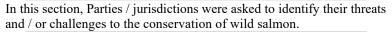
The Review Group considers the Implementation Plan to be fully acceptable after its first round of review.

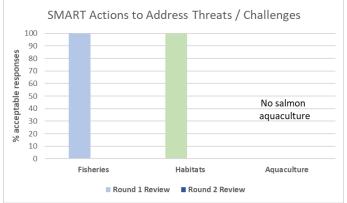
The diagrams below show the full acceptability overview of the Review Group's evaluation of Denmark (in respect of the Faroe Islands and Greenland) Greenland's Implementation Plan*.











In this section, Parties / jurisdictions were asked to provide clear (SMART) actions addressing the identified threats / challenges to the conservation of wild salmon.

The Review Group had agreed in the first round of review that Denmark (in respect of the Faroe Islands and Greenland) – Greenland's Implementation Plan was acceptable and required no substantial revision.

SMART actions were developed for the two relevant theme areas (management of salmon fisheries, and protection and restoration of Atlantic salmon habitat). The Review Group considered that all of these actions were SMART and, therefore, could be used to assess progress objectively across the life of the Implementation Plan.

The Review Group considered that the threats and / or challenges to the management of wild Atlantic salmon identified under each theme were all related clearly to NASCO's Resolutions, Agreements and Guidelines.

The Review Group welcomed the additional information provided on the parr monitoring in the Kapisillit River that was provided in the response to question 1.3. The Review Group considered the response to question 1.7 to be a good example of a consultation process in the development of an Implementation Plan, Additionally, the Review Group commended Denmark (in respect of the Faroe Islands and Greenland) – Greenland for their willingness to participate in the process of the development of the six tenets process (question 2.7) and for adopting the recommended tenets into their fisheries management approach.

Parties / jurisdictions should include actions on mixed-stock fisheries, sea lice management and containment on salmon farms, where these are present. An action on mixed-stock fisheries is included. Actions on sea lice and containment are not applicable to Denmark (in respect of the Faroe Islands and Greenland) Greenland.

The Review Group considered the Implementation Plan to be very clear, well organized, and broadly in line with the Implementation Plan Guidelines, CNL(18)49, and, thus, acceptable.

Parties to NASCO have committed to the conservation of wild Atlantic salmon. Implementation Plans set out their planned actions and are reviewed by an expert Review Group. Reporting is carried out annually on these Plans (see <u>www.nasco.int</u>).

*Full acceptability means that the Implementation Plan meets the criteria set out by the Council of NASCO in its Guidelines for the Preparation and Evaluation of NASCO Implementation Plans and for Reporting on Progress, CNL(18)49.