NORTH ATLANTIC SALMON CONSERVATION ORGANIZATION

ORGANISATION POUR LA CONSERVATION DU SAUMON DE L'ATLANTIQUE NORD



Agenda item 6.7(a)

Council

CNL(00)49

Special Liaison Meeting to Review Measures to Minimise Impacts of Aquaculture on Wild Stocks

Presentation by the European Union (Ireland)

Mr Maurice Mullen, Department of the Marine and Natural Resources and Dr Ken Whelan, Marine Institute

Aquaculture in Ireland



Maurice Mullen, Department of the Marine and Natural Resources

Dr Ken Whelan, Marine Institute

02/06/0

DEPARTMENT OF THE MARINE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

- Corporate governance of Fisheries Boards, Marine Institute and BIM
- Setting policy objectives and frameworks for fisheries, including inland fisheries and aquaculture
- Licensing and monitoring aquaculture operations
- Overseeing implementation of EU health regime

Salmon Aquaculture in

PRESENTATION FORMAT

2. TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

3. POTENTIAL IMPACTS

4. FUTURE STRATEGY

■ 1. FRAMEWORK



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STRUCTURES

- Department of the Marine and Natural Resources
- **Fisheries Boards**
- Marine Institute
- Bord Iascaigh Mhara (BIM) and Údarás na Gaeltachta

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5/00

FISHERIES BOARDS

- 7
- 7 Regional Fisheries Boards (RFBs) responsible for management and development of fisheries. Boards mainly public funded
- Central Board provides specialist services and co-ordinates RFBs
- IN New RFB Board structures in place includes fisheries, tourien environmental, local development and aquaculture interacts

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AQUACULTURE LICENCE APPEALS BOARD

- Aquaculture Licence Appeals Board (ALAB):
- Independent / Chaired by a Senior Counsel
- Members appointed from nominating bodies, including:

Aquaculture Wild fisheries Physical planning / development Environment and amenities Community

- Reviews applications "de novo"
- Rights and procedures set out in Act



Management Team



Divisional Structure



Salmon Management Services

Aquaculture Monitoring



Programme	Agency / Institution	Personnel	Annual Cost (Year 2000)
Sea-lice Monitoring	Marine Institute	5	£200,000
Benthic Monitoring	Marine Institute	1	£ 40,000
Engineering Surveys	Department of Marin	c 6	£ 12,000
Fish Health Monitoring	Marine Institute	5	£250,000
Residue Testing	Marine Institute	6	£210,000
Wild Salmon/ Escapees	Marine Institute	12	£180,000
		Total	£892,000

EIS



- m EIS all operations over 100 tom
 - · Address issues of: location, dia marine environment - water, biota etc
 - · Full details of production process, any potential impacts
 - . Detailed description of proposed monitoring activities
 - Baseline monitoring carried out in support of the application
 - . List of individuals, organisations consulted and issues
 - . Any difficulties in the completion of the EIS must be reported.

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MONITORING PROTOCOLS

- **=**1. **Benthic**
- Water Quality **2**.
- **3**. Sea Lice
- **4**. Fallowing
- **5**. Visual Amenity

Effective Fallowing

- Separation between generations
- Appropriate fallow period
- 1 Month
- Synchronous fallowing of sites
- adjacent sites fallow at same time
- SBM agreement

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Strengths of Approach

- Very effective in breaking cycle of infection
- Implementation is well advanced
- No extra production sites required
- fallowing or smolt sites only required

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ESCAPEES

- Ireland large number of small salmon
- Moy 120,000 coast, 40,000 to 50,000 spawners
- Salmon tag recovery programme 48%
- Overall 1% or less of catch 2t 2.5t
- Strong cages, function of location exposed west coast

Mbitat & peaching

SEA TROUT

- Collapse 1989 mid-wes
- Broad range of research areas: e disease, physiology and sea lice
- Intensive research: disease, physiology, environment, sea lice
- Most interest has centred on sea lice research difficult
- Now evidence Norway, Scotland, Ireland, high or low juvenile lice numbers near farms, high chalimus levels always recorded near farms. Contribution from farms complex and variable
- m Some fisheries stocks very low, others some evidence of
- Sea Trout Task Force (1995) all parties involved
 Farms adjacent to wild salmonid fisheries, managed on a precautionary basis

SEA TROUT (Cont.)

- Major sea trout review completed
- Management protocols, recovery targets
- Focused research & monitoring programme
- CLAMS type initiative commit to conservation and rehabilitation of wild salmonid stocks

FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- Strategic study to be published 8th June
- Need to expand the industry: achieve critical mass support coastal jobs

sustainable / quality / innovation priority - wild salmonids develop real cooperative processes

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INTEGRATED RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

- Co-ordinated Local Aquaculture Management Systems (CLAMS)
- Nationally driven / locally implemented
- CLAMS developed from SBM half way house
- Integration with new CZM arrangements:

CLAMS

Inshore Fisheries Management

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CROSS BODY REPRESENTATION

- -
- National Salmon Commission
- Fisheries Boards
- Aquaculture Licence Advisory Committee
- Aquaculture Licence Appeals Board

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