

Agenda item 5.1 For information

Council

CNL(19)22

Annual Progress Report on Actions Taken Under the Implementation Plan for the Calendar Year 2018

EU – Spain (Navarra)

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Annual Progress Report on Actions taken under the Implementation Plan for the Calendar Year 2018

The primary purposes of the Annual Progress Reports are to provide details of:

- any changes to the management regime for salmon and consequent changes to the Implementation Plan;
- actions that have been taken under the Implementation Plan in the previous year;
- significant changes to the status of stocks, and a report on catches; and
- actions taken in accordance with the provisions of the Convention

These reports will be reviewed by the Council. Please complete this form and return it to the Secretariat no later than 28 March 2019.

Party:	European Union
Jurisdiction/Region:	Spain (Navarra)

1: Changes to the Implementation Plan

1.1 Describe any proposed revisions to the Implementation Plan

(Where changes are proposed, the revised Implementation Plans should be submitted to the Secretariat by 1 December).

No changes to the Implementation Plan have been proposed. A new Implementation Plan for the period 2019-2024 has been developed and submitted to the Spanish Ministry of Environment.

1.2 Describe any major new initiatives or achievements for salmon conservation and management that you wish to highlight.

Under the framework of the LIFE IREKIBAI project (LIFE14 NAT/ES/000186), a salmon radiotracking scheme has been implemented during 2018. 28 adult salmon were marked in the lower parts of the Bidasoa river basin when they entered from the sea and were tracked during the upstream migration. As a result of the monitoring, important aspects related to the fluvial phase of the salmon life cycle in the Bidasoa River were identified: identification of upstream and downstream migration problems; reproductive success ratio; before and after spawning survival; spawning dates and location; degree of the basin colonization; etc. The analysis of the data gathered through the monitoring is still ongoing and the results will be published in the webpage of the LIFE IREKIBAI project as soon as they are available.

2: Stock status and catches.

2.1 Provide a description of any new factors which may significantly affect the abundance of salmon stocks and, if there has been any significant change in stock status since the development of the Implementation Plan, provide a brief (200 word max) summary of these changes.

There have not been new factors which may affect the abundance of salmon stocks since last year. Since the development of the Implementation Plan, several barriers have been removed and as a result, there seems to be an improvement on the colonisation rate of the basin by the migrating spawners, as they seem to reach faster and in greater numbers to the upper areas of the Bidasoa River basin, where they were seldom seen in the past. The size of the stock varies among years, but on average it seems to remain around 420 spawners.

2.2 Provide the following information on catches: (nominal catch equals reported quantity of salmon caught and retained in tonnes 'round fresh weight' (i.e. weight of whole, ungutted, unfrozen fish) or 'round fresh weight equivalent').

(a) provisional nominal	In-river	Estuarine	Coastal	Total
catch (which may be	0.276			0.276
subject to revision) for				
2018 (tonnes)				
(b) confirmed nominal	0.102			0.102
catch of salmon for				,
2017 (tonnes)				
(c) estimated unreported	0			0
catch for 2018 (tonnes)				
(d) number and	Unknown, but	catch and releas	e is not a com	mon practice in
percentage of salmon	recreational salr	non fisheries in Bi	dasoa River	_
caught and released in			ı	
recreational fisheries in				
2018.				

3: Implementation Plan Actions.

3.1 Provide an update on progress against actions relating to the Management of Salmon Fisheries (Section 2.8 of the Implementation Plan).

Note: The reports under 'Progress on Action to Date' should provide a brief overview with a quantitative measure of progress made. While referring to additional material (e.g. via links to websites) may assist those seeking more detailed information, this will not be evaluated by the Review Group.

O 7.	Group.		
Action F1:	Description of Action (as submitted in the IP)	Data analysis for the establishment of the necessary reference limits.	
	Expected Outcome (as submitted in the IP)	Reference limits for every indicator of conservation status.	
	Progress on Action to Date (Provide a brief overview with a quantitative measure of progress. Other material (e.g. website links) will not be evaluated.)	Continues data collection for evaluation of the reference limits, that has not started due to be unable to invest the necessary financial resources	
	Current Status of Action If 'Completed', has the	Not started	
	Action achieved its objective?		
Action F2:	Description of Action (as submitted in the IP)	 (1) To collect biometric and biological data of every salmon captured on recreational fishing. (2) To collect biometric and biological data of 	
		every spawner salmon passing the salmon trap. (3) Electrofishing surveys on juvenile production	

	areas. (4) Monitoring of redds and spawners. (5) To collect biometric and biological data of every salmon passing the salmon trap. (6) Setup of a rotary screw trap. (7) To collect biometric and biological data of smolts captured is the rotary screw trap. (8) Estimate annually the conservation status of the salmon stock. (9) Monitoring of the sanitary status.
	(10) Preparation of protocols for the above actions.
Expected Outcome (as submitted in the IP)	Data for stock trend analysis and evaluation.

Progress on Action to Date
(Provide a brief overview with a
quantitative measure of
progress. Other material (e.g.
website links) will not be
evaluated.)

- (1) Biometric data (LF and weight), scale samples and biological samples for sex determination, collected for 66 salmon fished in 2018. 100% of the expected outcome has been achieved.
- (2) Biometric data (LF and weight), scale samples and biological samples for sex determination (until august), collected for 389 spawning salmon passing the salmon trap in 2018. 100% of the expected outcome has been achieved.
- (3) There have been 31 electrofishing surveys on juvenile production areas. 100% of the expected outcome has been achieved.
- (4) During the 2018 reed monitoring campaign, 32 redds and 18 spawners were observed in spawning areas. 100% of the expected outcome has been achieved.
- (5) Biometric data (LF and weight), scale samples and biological samples for sex determination (until august), collected for 389 spawning salmon passing the salmon trap in 2018. 100% of the expected outcome has been achieved.
- (6) Use of the rotary screw trap was discarded in 2017 due to the many problems that have been encountered in its set up and use. The expected outcome of this action will not be achieved (0%).
- (7) At the moment we are exploring new methodologies that could provide the biometric and biological data of smolts that migrate to the sea, but for this year the expected outcome of this action was not achieved (0%).
- (8) The conservation status of the salmon stock in the Bidasoa River has been estimated. Following the indicators proposed in the Salmon Management Plan for the period 2013-2018, the salmon stock in Bidasoa River is Unfavourable. 100% of the expected outcome has been achieved.
- (9) All spawners transferred to the fish farm have been treated preventively with antibiotics. On the fish farm there is a protocol for sanitary status monitoring and prophylactic treatments. 100% of the expected outcome has been achieved. All salmon passing the fish trap were monitored for sea lice and Red Vent Syndrome. 100% of the expected outcome has been achieved.
- (10) All protocols to carry out the above actions have been prepared. 100% of the expected outcome has been achieved.

	Current Status of Action	Ongoing
	If 'Completed', has the	All completed actions have been successful and the
	Action achieved its objective?	objectives were achieved, except for the actions
		related to the setup of the rotary screw trap and
		collection of biometric and biological data of smolts
		captured in the trap (6 and 7). Therefore, the number
		of smolts migrating yearly to the sea from the Bidasoa
		River basin remains unknown.
Action	Description of Action	Establishment of the annual total authorized catch.
F3:	(as submitted in the IP)	Establishment of the united total audiorized eaten.
	Expected Outcome	Annual estimate of the total authorized catch.
	(as submitted in the IP)	
	Progress on Action to Date	The total authorized catch (TAC) for the 2018 season
	(Provide a brief overview with a	was set at 66 salmon caught and the multi-sea-winter
	quantitative measure of	(MSW) protection measure was stablished at 16 MSW
	progress. Other material (e.g.	salmon. When 80% of the MSW TAC were caught (12)
	website links) will not be	MSW salmon), the angling season was closed for a
	evaluated.)	week. The expected outcome has been achieved.
	Current Status of Action	Completed
	If 'Completed', has the	Yes: annual catches reached the TAC 14 days before
	Action achieved its objective?	the end of the angling season and therefore the season
		was closed. Before that, the MSW protection measure
		entered into action when the salmon number 12 was
		caught and angling was banned for a week at the
		beginning of June.
Action	Description of Action	(1) Selection and transfer of wild spawners to the
F4:	(as submitted in the IP)	hatchery.
		(2) Artificial spawning and fry growth in captivity.
		(3) Differential tagging of fry according to stocking
		moment.
		(4) Supplemental stocking in the Bidasoa river and
		tributaries.
	Expected Outcome	Increase of the emigrating smolt population and
	(as submitted in the IP)	returning salmons.
	Progress on Action to Date	(1) 10 females and 23 males were selected in the
	(Provide a brief overview with a	trap in 2017 and transferred to the hatchery for
	quantitative measure of	the 2018 fry production. Therefore, the
	progress. Other material (e.g.	expected outcome has been achieved.
	website links) will not be	(2) 113,754 eggs were obtained and they produced
	evaluated.)	77,631 fry. The expected outcome has been
		achieved.
		(3) All juvenile salmon fish stocked into Bidasoa
		River are marked. Fry stocked in July are
		adipose clipped (ADC) while parr stocked in
		autumn are marked with CWT+ADC.
		Differential DCWTsq marking between
		MSWxMSW, MSWx1SW and 1SWx1SW
		crossing is carried out. The expected outcome
		has been achieved.

	(4) In 2018, 57,075 salmon fry and 20,556 autumn parr were stocked in the Bidasoa River and its tributaries. The expected outcome has been achieved.
Current Status of Action	Completed
If 'Completed', has the Action achieved its objective?	[Yes]

3.2 Provide an update on progress against actions relating to Habitat Protection and Restoration (Section 3.4 of the Implementation Plan).

Note: The reports under 'Progress on Action to Date' should provide a brief overview with a quantitative measure of progress made. While referring to additional material (e.g. via links to websites) may assist those seeking more detailed information, this will not be evaluated by the Review Group.

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Action H1:	Description of Action (as submitted in the IP)	Update of the salmonid mesohabitat maps.
	Expected Outcome (as submitted in the IP)	An updated GIS database and maps. This information will be used to report the impact assessment of any construction that could affect the salmonid mesohabitats identified.
	Progress on Action to Date (Provide a brief overview with a quantitative measure of progress. Other material (e.g. website links) will not be evaluated.)	Not started. The evaluation has not started due to be unable to invest the necessary financial resources
	Current Status of Action If Completed, has the Action	Not started
	achieved its objective?	
Action H2:	Description of Action (as submitted in the IP)	 Evaluation of the successfulness of the 10 fishway projects carried out in the last decade. Preparation and implementation of 5 new projects to improve longitudinal connectivity.
	Expected Outcome (as submitted in the IP)	Significant improvement of the river habitat accessible for salmon.
	Progress on Action to Date (Provide a brief overview with a quantitative measure of progress. Other material (e.g. website links) will not be evaluated.)	This action is included in a LIFE project (LIFE14 NAT/ES/000186). (1) During the 2016-17 migration, the first three fishways were evaluated (Murgues, Nabasturen and Iruribieta) in the main Bidasoa River; during the 2017-18 migration, two more fishways were evaluated (Nazas in Bidasoa River and Molino de Bera in Zia, tributary of Bidasoa) and during the 2018-19 migration, six more (Yanci I, San Tiburcio, Jorajuria and Sunbilla in the main Bidasoa River, Ezkurra dam and Ezpelura pipe in Doneztebe). The analysis of the data revealed that all evaluated fishways could facilitate the salmonids' migration upstream the barriers. 110% of the expected outcome has been achieved. (2) 120% of the expected outcome of this action was completed by 2017 with the demolition of six dams (two in main Bidasoa River, two in Ezkurra, one in Txaruta and one in Zalain streams
	Current Status of Action	Completed

If Completed, has the Action	Yes
achieved its objective?	

3.3 Provide an update on progress against actions relating to Aquaculture, Introductions and Transfers and Transgenics (Section 4.8 of the Implementation Plan).

Note: The reports under 'Progress on Action to Date' should provide a brief overview with a quantitative measure of progress made. While referring to additional material (e.g. via links to websites) may assist those seeking more detailed information, this will not be evaluated by the Review Group.

Action	Description of Action	Not applicable.
A1:	(as submitted in the IP)	
	Expected Outcome	
	(as submitted in the IP)	
	Progress on Action to Date	
	(Provide a brief overview with a	
	quantitative measure of	
	progress. Other material (e.g.	
	website links) will not be	
	evaluated.)	
	Current Status of Action	
	If Completed, has the Action	
	achieved its objective?	

4: Additional information required under the Convention

4.1 Details of any laws, regulations and programmes that have been adopted or repealed since the last notification.

A new angling regulation is adopted every year. The only aspect that concerns the salmon is the number of fish that can be captured (TAC).

4.2 Details of any new commitments concerning the adoption or maintenance in force for specified periods of time of conservation, restoration and other management measures.

The ongoing LIFE IREKIBAI project (LIFE14 NAT/ES/000186) has the main objective of improving the connectivity of the Bidasoa River. The project will run until 2020. For the year 2019, it is foreseen that under this project a programme of "Salmon adoption" is going to be implemented. The program foresees that anglers donate the captured salmon alive, so it can be used as breeder in the fish farm owned by the Government of Navarre. The produced fries would be used for restocking the Bidasoa River.

4.3 Details of any new actions to prohibit fishing for salmon beyond 12 nautical miles.

Not applicable

4.4 Details of any new actions to invite the attention of States not Party to the Convention to matters relating to the activities of its vessels which could adversely affect salmon stocks subject to the Convention.

Not applicable

4.5 Details of any actions taken to implement regulatory measures under Article 13 of the Convention including imposition of adequate penalties for violations.

Not applicable