

West Greenland Commission Inter-Sessional Meeting

WGCIS(18)10

Inland Fisheries Ireland

Salmon Management in Ireland

WGC Intersessional Meeting

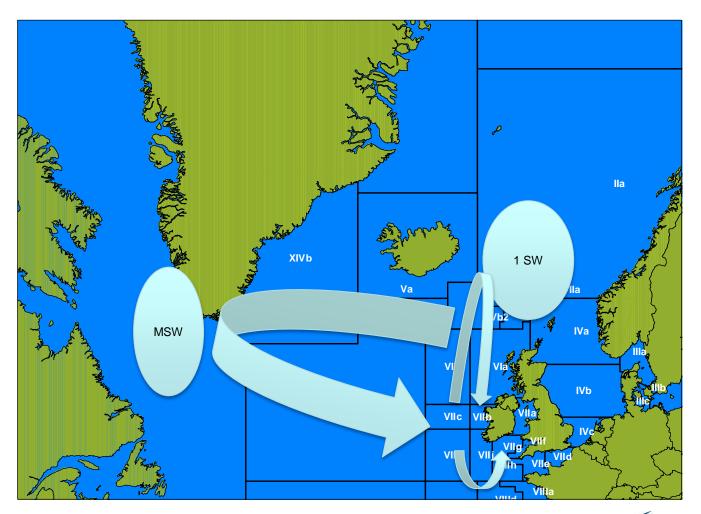
27th February 2018

Dr. Cathal Gallagher

IFI, Head of Research and Development

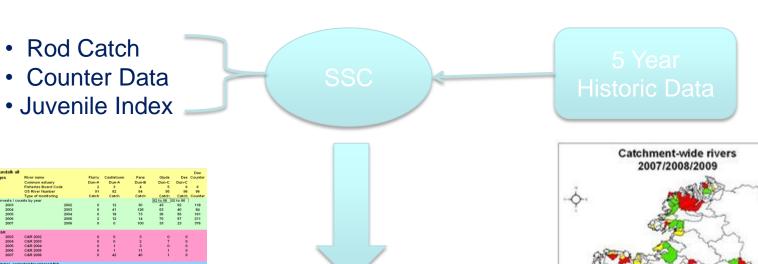


Ireland's Salmon Stocks

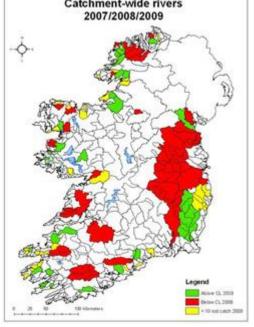




Scientific Science Advice

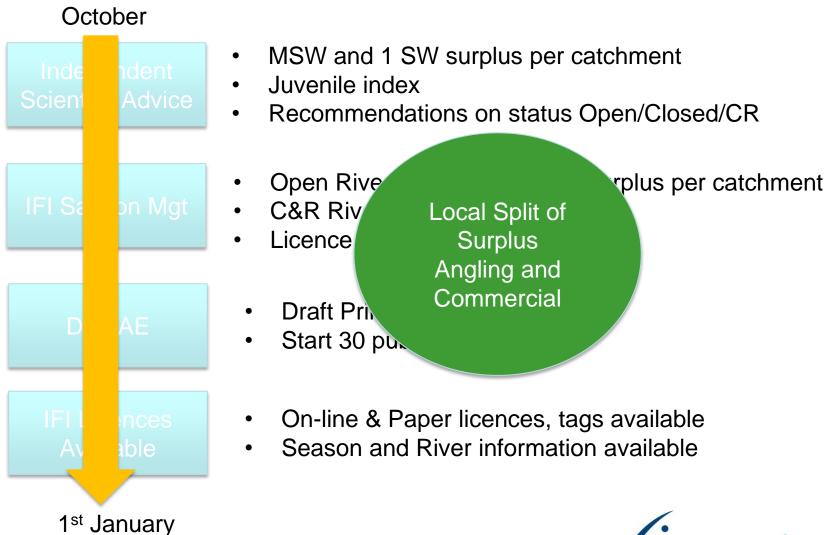


Independent Scientific Advice





Salmon Management





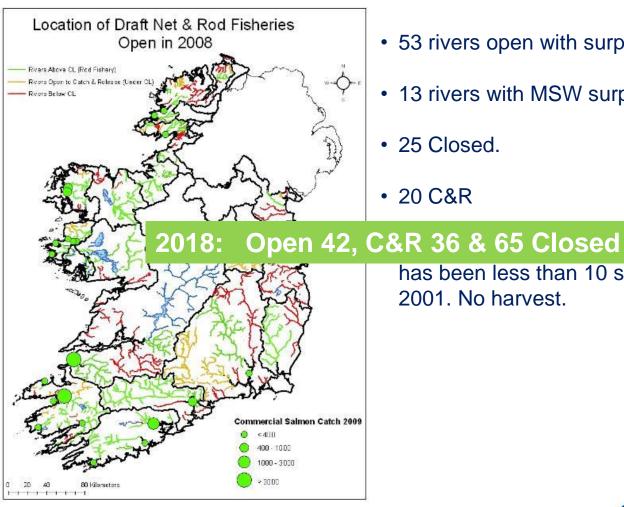
Salmon & Sea Trout Legislation

Wild Salmon and Sea Trout Tagging Scheme (Amendment) Regulations 2017

I, Sean Kyne, Minister of State at the Department of Communications, Climate Action and Environment, in exercise of the powers conferred on me by section 69 of the Inland Fisheries Act 2010 (No. 10 of 2010) and the Communications, Climate Action and Environment (Delegation of Ministerial Functions) Order 2017 (S.I. No. 314 of 2017), after consultation with Inland Fisheries Ireland, hereby make the following regulations:

Cork	Owenacurra	0	(closed?
	Lower Lee	1,801	(blue tag?
	Bandon	818		
	Ilen	784		
	Mealagh	191		
	Coomhola	62		brown tag?
	Upper Lee	0		_
	Glengarriff	332		
	Argideen	103		

Salmon Management 2008



- 53 rivers open with surplus for exploitation
- 13 rivers with MSW surplus.
- 25 Closed.
- 20 C&R

erage rod catch has been less than 10 salmon annually since 2001. No harvest.



Salmon & Sea Trout Licence

- Season (Jan to Sept)
 - Variations
- Total 10 tags per angler
 - 11th May (only 3 fish)
 - 12th May 31st Aug Max (3 per day)
 - September (max 1 per day)
 - Brown Tags
- Compulsory catch reporting
- Protection (Irish history)

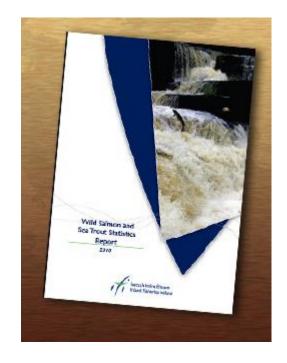


Salmon Licence Fees (2017)

All Districts (i.e. all Regions) Annual: €100

Juvenile (under the age of 18 years) All Districts Annual: €10

One District, Annual: €56 All districts, 21 Days: €40 All districts, 1 Day: €20 Foyle Area Extension: €80 Special local licence: €24





Salmon & Sea Trout Licence







3. THE TAG

The tag to be used by anglers is a blue plastic self-locking device (an additional brown tag is also required for certain rivers – (refer to Table 1 – Open Fisheries 2017) to ensure angling quotas are not exceeded. Contact the relevant IFI office for details on how to obtain brown tags). Each blue tag is embossed with a code identifying where the tag was issued, the year in which the tag can be used, a security code and a tag serial number.

Anglers should carefully note the following concerning the use of these tags:

- Each rod licence holder will be issued tags for his/her use only. Tags are not transferable between licence holders.
- These tags shall not be re-used.
- One tag shall be attached to each salmon (any size) and sea trout (over 40 cm) caught and retained.
- Tags must be attached immediately on landing the fish.
- Tags shall be attached through the gill opening and mouth of the fish and securely double locked around the gill cover.
- Additional tags shall be issued on presentation of logbook information showing that the licence holder has used the aill tags issued to him or her, subject to bag limits.
- Lost and accidentally destroyed tags may be replaced upon presentation of a signed declaration completed by the angler and signed by an Authorised Officer of Inland Fisheries Ireland.
- Gill tags shall only be removed from the fish at the time of processing in accordance with the Tagging Scheme Regulations. For the purposes of this scheme processing includes: smoking, marinating or cooking the fish, gutting and freezing the fish or cutting any steaks, cutlets or portions of the fish.

4. THE LOGBOOK

On receipt of tags the angler will also receive a logbook. Details of the gill tags issued to an angler will be entered into the angler's logbook by the issuing agent.

Each angler shall:

- · Have the logbook in his/her possession while fishing for salmon or sea trout.
- · Record all details of their catch in their logbook immediately after tagging the fish.
- · Make a catch record even if the fish is released (including kelts and baggots).
- · Record details of any lost or damaged tags.
- Declare lost or damaged logbooks to Inland Fisheries Ireland.

5. RETURNING LOGBOOKS AND UNUSED TAGS

In accordance with the Wild Salmon and Sea Trout Tagging Regulations anglers are required by law to return their completed logbook (even if there is no catch recorded) and all unused tags to the issuing office of Inland Fisheries Ireland by the 19th October annually. A business reply envelope is provided for this purpose. Anglers are required to obtain proof of postage and to retain such proof for 12 months.



Advantages for Management

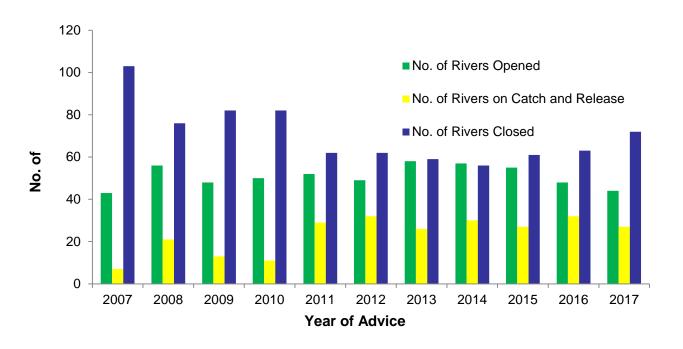
- retained non tagged wild salmon are illegal fish
 - enforcement
 - differentiate between farmed and wild salmon (restaurants and sales)
- enables management of surplus by catchment and above CL (Brown Tag)
- enables management & traceability of sales of commercial fish
- enables annual salmon advice, predictive modelling and annual mgt measures
- reporting compulsory provides detailed statistics to sport management
- enables conservation efforts to be focused on catchments below CL
- no mixed stock fisheries on stocks above CL increased pressure







Dynamic Salmon Management



	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Commercial catch	8,872	8,903	6,757	14,159	11,973	10,319	14,125	9,570	7,691
Angling harvest	19,430	22,215	17,521	22,336	20,306	22,287	18,178	11,313	15,734
Angling C&R	15,113	13,563	11,422	15,142	12,688	11,891	10,682	6,537	9,383
% of angling that is C&R	43.8	37.9	39.5	40.4	38.5	34.8	37	36.6	37.4



Other data sources – counters programme

