

CNL(26)22

Review of Draft Conservation Commitments Report

Date	Party / jurisdiction	Draft CCR – February 2026
February 2026	EU-Sweden	EU_Sweden - Draft CCR submitted February 2026

Overview of Conservation Commitments Report

Overall Comments / Recommendations

- This is a very clear and well written CCR. The actions proposed appear to be significant.
- It is not clear if stakeholders’ input has been included in the development of the Conservation Commitments Report yet. The Review Group recommends that consultation with stakeholders takes place before the final CCR is submitted.

Consultation and Engagement

CCR reference	Review Question	Comments / Recommendations
E.1. E.2.	Are the questions in the ‘Consultation and Engagement’ section of the CCRs answered fully?	Yes.

Stressors

CCR reference		Review Question	Comments / Recommendations
Stressor Justification		Are the top three stressors identified in the Party’s / jurisdiction’s stressor analysis used as the basis for the CCRs?	No. The top 3 stressors were climate change, aquaculture (from outside the jurisdiction) and disease & parasites. EU-Sweden Stressor Analysis
		If not, are the justifications provided for the substitutions adequate?	Yes.

Stressor 1

CCR reference	Review Question	Comments / Recommendations		
S.1.a.	Are NASCO's theme areas identified?	Yes.		
S.1.b. S.1.c. S.1.d.	Is the impact of the stressor on wild Atlantic salmon described clearly?	Yes.		
	Are there no more than three actions for this stressor?	Yes.		
		Action 1	Action 2	Action 3
S.1.1.d S.1.2.d S.1.3.d.	Does the action have a clear and measurable tangible outcome to improve conditions for salmon survival through the removal or diminishment of the identified stressor (i.e. in line with NASCO's Strategic Goal)?	Yes. 'The target is to improve connectivity and accessibility for Atlantic salmon by 100 kilometers.'		
S.1.1.c. S.1.2.c. S.1.3.c.	Does the action have a clear starting point (baseline) against which progress towards the outcome can be measured?	Yes. The current estimate of 910 kilometres of river accessible to anadromous salmon serves is the baseline.		
S.1.1.e. S.1.2.e. S.1.3.e.	Are clear interim goals / milestones identified for this action?	Yes.		
S.1.4.	Does this stressor include a quantitative baseline and tangible outcome to enable progress towards the achievement of the Strategic Goal to be measured?	Yes.		
Comments / Recommendations This is a clear, concise and well-presented stressor and action, with clear descriptions of the expected tangible outcome for Atlantic salmon stocks.				

It is good to see addition measures identified: ‘Habitat restoration measures are implemented in parallel, based on systematic habitat mapping and detailed, river-specific assessments of restoration needs, with the objective of improving habitat quality’.

Stressor 2

CCR reference	Review Question	Comments / Recommendations		
S.2.a.	Are NASCO’s theme areas identified?	Yes.		
S.2.b. S.2.c. S.2.d.	Is the impact of the stressor on wild Atlantic salmon described clearly?	Yes.		
	Are there no more than three actions for this stressor?	Yes.		
		Action 1	Action 2	Action 3
S.2.1.d S.2.2.d S.2.3.d.	Does the action have a clear and measurable tangible outcome to improve conditions for salmon survival through the removal or diminishment of the identified stressor (i.e. in line with NASCO’s Strategic Goal)?	Yes. Prohibiting or strictly regulate fishing on stocks below CL is expected to increase both survival of adult salmon and egg deposition.	Yes. This provides regulation of fisheries at risk of falling below CL.	Yes. National legislation to regulate miked-stock fisheries will be passed and implemented.
S.2.1.c. S.2.2.c. S.2.3.c.	Does the action have a clear starting point (baseline) against which progress towards the outcome can be measured?	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
S.2.1.e. S.2.2.e. S.2.3.e.	Are clear interim goals / milestones identified for this action?	Yes. It appears that legislation is expected to be in place by 2028 and will be fully implemented from then onwards	Yes. It appears that legislation is expected to be in place by 2028 and will be fully implemented from then onwards	Yes. It appears that legislation is expected to be in place by 2028 and will be fully implemented from then onwards

S.2.4.	Does this stressor include a quantitative baseline and tangible outcome to enable progress towards the achievement of the Strategic Goal to be measured?	Yes. The quantitative baseline is all areas where the current fisheries legislation is in effect. Strengthening fishing legislation is expected to reduce the impact of the stressor, thereby increasing survival and slowing or reversing the decline of wild Atlantic salmon populations.
Comments / Recommendations		
The Review Group welcomes the commitment that ‘supporting information will be analyzed to evaluate effectiveness of management actions’		

Stressor 3

CCR reference	Review Question	Comments / Recommendations		
S.3.a.	Are NASCO’s theme areas identified?	Yes.		
S.3.b. S.3.c. S.3.d.	Is the impact of the stressor on wild Atlantic salmon described clearly?	Yes.		
	Are there no more than three actions for this stressor?	Yes.		
		Action 1	Action 2	Action 3
S.3.1.d S.3.2.d S.3.3.d.	Does the action have a clear and measurable tangible outcome to improve conditions for salmon survival through the removal or diminishment of the identified stressor (i.e. in line with NASCO’s Strategic Goal)?	Yes.		
S.3.1.c. S.3.2.c. S.3.3.c.	Does the action have a clear starting point (baseline) against which progress towards the outcome can be measured?	Yes.		

S.3.1.e. S.3.2.e. S.3.3.e.	Are clear interim goals / milestones identified for this action?	Yes		
S.3.4.	Does this stressor include a quantitative baseline and tangible outcome to enable progress towards the achievement of the Strategic Goal to be measured?	Yes		
Comments / Recommendations				
The Review Group notes that 50-75 % of the wild salmon production would be lost without liming. Therefore, although liming is a continuing action, it is needed to ensure that the potential impact of other actions aimed to enhance recovery of the Swedish wild Atlantic salmon stocks not is counteracted.				